

Notice of 10th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders
Materials Published on our Website

10th Fiscal Year
(From April 1,2011 to March 31,2012)

Notices to the Consolidated Financial Statements
Notices to the Non-consolidated Financial Statements

JFE Holdings,Inc.

These Notices are published on our website (<http://www.jfe-holdings.co.jp/>) in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations and the Articles of Incorporation.

(Translation for reference only)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

Significant Matters on the Basis of the Preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Scope of consolidation

(1) Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 194

The names of significant consolidated subsidiaries are as stated in “Significant subsidiaries” of the Business Report. Accordingly, listing of these subsidiaries is omitted.

10 companies have been newly included in the scope of consolidation for the consolidated fiscal year under review due to their increased significance.

11 companies have been excluded from the scope of consolidation due to mergers (five companies) and other reasons such as liquidation (six companies).

(2) Names, etc., of primary non-consolidated subsidiary

SANWAKEIDEN CO., LTD.

(Reason for exclusion from the scope of consolidation)

Non-consolidated subsidiaries are excluded from the scope of consolidation because the exclusion has no significant impact on a rational evaluation of the financial condition and the operating results of the Group, based on their respective total assets, net sales, net income (loss) (corresponding to the equity ratio owned by the Company) and retained earnings (corresponding to the equity ratio owned by the Company), etc.

2. Application of the equity method

(1) Number of equity method affiliates: 47

The names of significant equity method affiliates are as stated in “Significant affiliates” of the Business Report. Accordingly, listing of these companies is omitted.

Five companies have been newly accounted for by the equity method for the consolidated fiscal year under review due to additional stock acquisition, etc.

In addition, two companies were excluded from the scope of application of the equity method. This is due to the fact that one was recategorized as a consolidated subsidiary of the Company or for other reasons.

(2) Names, etc. of primary non-consolidated subsidiaries and affiliates not accounted for by the equity method

(Non-consolidated subsidiary) SANWAKEIDEN CO., LTD.

(Affiliate) NISSIN-UNYU CO., LTD.

(Reason for non-application of the equity method)

The equity method is not applied for these subsidiaries and affiliates because their respective net income (loss) (corresponding to the equity ratio owned by the Company) and retained earnings (corresponding to the equity ratio owned by the Company) have no significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

3. Fiscal years, etc., of consolidated subsidiaries, etc.

The closing date of some of the consolidated subsidiaries (three domestic companies and 48 overseas companies), including THAI COATED STEEL SHEET CO., LTD., is December 31. Since the difference between the closing dates of said companies and the consolidated closing date is not more than three months, their respective financial statements as of and for the year ended respective closing dates of these companies are used in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the financial statements as of and for the year ended respective closing dates are used for these companies, with necessary adjustments provided for consolidation purposes with regard to material transactions between their closing dates and the consolidated closing date.

In addition, beginning the fiscal year under review, one domestic company whose financial closing date used to be March 20 has changed its closing date to March 31, which is the same as the consolidated closing date.

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4. Accounting policies

(1) Valuation basis and method for assets

1) Securities

Available-for-sale securities for which the market values are readily determinable:

Mainly valued at market determined by the average of market prices for one month prior to the consolidated closing date
(Unrealized gains and losses are reported, net of applicable taxes, in a separate component of net assets. The cost of securities sold is determined mainly by the moving-average method.)

Available-for-sale securities for which the market values are not readily determinable:

Mainly valued at cost determined by the moving-average method

2) Inventories

Mainly valued at cost determined by periodic average method. (The amount posted in the Consolidated Balance Sheets is computed by writing down the book value with regard to the inventories for which profitability was clearly declining.)

(2) Depreciation method of depreciable assets

1) Property, plant and equipment (excluding lease assets)

Mainly computed by the declining balance method

2) Intangible assets (excluding lease assets)

Mainly computed by the straight-line method

Capitalized software for internal use is amortized by the straight-line method over the internal useful life (mainly five years).

3) Lease assets

Leased assets related to finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership are depreciated using the straight-line method with estimated useful lives equal to lease terms, and zero residual values (Specific amount of residual value be applied instead where the relevant lease agreement stipulates the amount).

(3) Accounting basis of provisions and allowances

1) Allowance for doubtful accounts

An allowance for doubtful accounts is provided for possible losses from uncollectible claims, at the amount calculated based on the actual rate of loss from the bad debt for ordinary claims, and on the estimated recoverability for specific receivables such as doubtful claims.

2) Provision for retirement benefits

A provision for retirement benefits for employees is provided at an amount calculated based on the estimated amounts of benefit obligations and pension assets at the end of the consolidated fiscal year under review.

Prior service cost is amortized on a straight-line basis over a certain period within an average remaining service period of employees at the time of its occurrence.

Actuarial differences are amortized on a straight-line basis from the following consolidated fiscal year under review over a certain period within an average remaining service period of employees at the time of its occurrence.

3) Provision for special repairs

A provision for special repairs is provided at a prorated amount of the estimated expense for the next repair, over the period of that repair, for payment of expenses necessary for upgrading blast furnaces and blast furnace stoves.

4) Provision for loss on specified business

A provision for loss on specified business is provided at the estimated amount of the possible loss on specific disposal of industrial waste business, which from the following

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consolidated fiscal year under review.

- (4) Revenue recognition
The percentage-of-completion method is applied to constructions for which certainty of performance regarding the portion in progress before the end of the consolidated fiscal year under review can be recognized (cost percentage method is used for estimating a percentage of completion of work), while the completed-contract method is applied to any other constructions.
- (5) Other significant matters for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements
 - 1) Accounting method for deferred assets
Bond issuance cost is amortized until the maturity of bonds payable (all the amount is posted at the time of payment as cost if the amount is small).
 - 2) Accounting for consumption taxes, etc.
Transactions subject to the consumption tax and the local consumption tax are recorded at amounts exclusive of the consumption tax.
 - 3) Application of consolidated tax reporting
Consolidated tax reporting is applied.
 - 4) Goodwill write-off method and period
Goodwill is equally amortized over five years whereas it is amortized for one time if the amount is small.

5. Additional information

Beginning from accounting changes and corrections of prior period errors made after the beginning of the fiscal year under review, the Company is applying the Accounting Standard for Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (ASBJ Statement No.24, December 4, 2009) and the Guidance on Accounting Standard for Accounting Changes and Error Corrections (ASBJ Guidance No.24, December 4, 2009).

(Translation for reference only)

Notes to the Consolidated Balance Sheets

1. Assets pledged as collateral and corresponding secured obligations
 - (1) Assets pledged as collateral

| | |
|---|-----------------|
| Property, plant and equipment | ¥66,226 million |
| Intangible assets | ¥129 million |
| Investment securities | ¥1,109 million |
| (Note) Industrial foundation's assets of property, plant and equipment as mortgage | ¥64,476 million |
 - (2) Corresponding secured obligations

| | |
|---|----------------|
| Short-term loans payable | ¥2,788 million |
| Long-term loans payable | ¥4,375 million |
| (Note) Those of above corresponding to the industrial foundation's assets | |
| Short-term loans payable | ¥2,348 million |
| Long-term loans payable | ¥263 million |

In addition to the above, deposits in the Company from the consolidated subsidiaries (¥9,500 million on the financial statements thereof) are secured against the obligations for guarantees on facility capabilities.
2. Accumulated depreciation for property, plant and equipment ¥6,089,514 million
3. Liabilities on guarantees and commitments to guarantees

| | |
|---|---------------------|
| Guarantees on the loans payable to financial institutions, etc., of the following companies | |
| Japan-Brazil Niobium Co., Ltd. | ¥11,205 million |
| Guangzhou JFE Steel Sheet Co., Ltd. | ¥2,386 million |
| <u>Other</u> | <u>¥920 million</u> |
| Total | ¥14,512 million |

Other than the above, the Company offers a guarantee on an obligation that may arise in the future to Byerwen Coal Pty Ltd and Mizushima Eco-works Co., Ltd.

| | |
|--|-----------------|
| Limit on amount of guarantees for the consolidated fiscal year | ¥11,743 million |
|--|-----------------|
4. Amounts of discounts on notes receivable-trade and endorsement for transfer
¥265 million

(Translation for reference only)

Notes to the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

1. Type and total number of issued shares as of the end of the fiscal year under review
Common stock 614,438,399

2. Dividends

(1) Amounts of dividends paid

| Date of resolution | Type of share | Total amount of dividends (Millions of yen) | Dividend per share (Yen) | Record date | Effective date |
|--|---------------|--|-----------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 22, 2011 | Common stock | 7,971 | 15 | March 31, 2011 | June 23, 2011 |
| Board of Directors held on October 26, 2011 | Common stock | 5,313 | 10 | September 30, 2011 | November 30, 2011 |

(2) Of the dividends for which the record date belongs to the fiscal year under review, those dividends for which the effective date will be after the end of the fiscal year under review

| Date of proposal for resolution | Type of share | Total amount of dividends (Millions of yen) | Source of funds for dividends | Dividend per share (Yen) | Record date | Effective date |
|--|---------------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be held on June 27, 2012 | Common stock | 5,395 | Retained earnings | 10 | March 31, 2012 | June 28, 2012 |

(Translation for reference only)

Notes to Financial Instruments

1. Status of financial instruments

(1) Policy on treatment of financial instruments

The Group raises the necessary funds mainly through bank loans, commercial papers and bond issuance, taking into consideration the stability and cost of funds. Temporary surplus funds are being managed with short-term financial instruments. The Group uses derivatives as a hedge against risks described below and not for speculative transactions.

(2) Content and risks of financial instruments, and the risk management systems relating to financial instruments

Notes and accounts receivable-trade, which are trade claims, are exposed to the credit risks of customers. To manage such risks, each company of the JFE Group conducts regular reassessments of the financial standing of business partners. In addition, some of the claims were sold before due dates.

For notes and accounts payable-trade, which are trade obligations, payment due dates are usually within one year.

Trade claims and obligations in foreign currencies are exposed to risks of currency fluctuations. Hedge transactions, including forward exchange contracts, are conducted as necessary for the parts that were not balanced out by the offsets between receipts of foreign currencies through transactions denominated in the relevant foreign currencies (exports of products, etc.), and payments of foreign currencies through transactions denominated in the relevant foreign currencies (imports of raw materials, etc.).

Equities, which correspond to investment securities, are exposed to risks of market price fluctuations. Investment securities denominated in foreign currencies are exposed to risks of currency fluctuations. Most of the investment securities are equities of the companies with which business relationships are maintained, and the actual market values of such equities are regularly determined.

Taking into consideration the liquidity risk of loans and bonds payable, due dates of these obligations are set not to fall on the same day. Loans and bonds payable with floating interest rates are exposed to risks of interest-rate fluctuations. Some loans and bonds payable are hedged through interest rate swaps, etc., to cope with risks of interest-rate fluctuations and to reduce interest payments.

Derivative transactions used by the JFE Group carry risks of market price fluctuations in the future, including that of currencies, interest-rates, etc. The JFE Group uses derivatives that are only based on actual demand, such as export and import transactions, loans and bonds payable. Accordingly, these risks are limited within the scope of loss of opportunity gains.

Furthermore, as the JFE Group only conducts derivative transactions with financial institutions with high credit ratings, the credit risk of failure to perform contracts due to bankruptcy of the counterparty, etc., is considered to be close to non-existent. The Company has established the internal rule on derivative transactions, and conducts transactions related to derivatives pursuant to the rule. On each actual transaction, the Company conducts a transaction upon authority by the Corporate Officer for Finance pursuant to the rule stated above. Balances, market values and losses/gains on valuation of derivatives are to be reported to the management council regularly. The consolidated subsidiaries also conduct derivative transactions pursuant to the respective internal rules.

(3) Supplemental explanation for matters relating to market values, etc., of financial instruments

Market values of financial instruments include values based on market prices and values reasonably calculated if they have no market prices. Since calculations of the relevant values adopt certain assumptions, etc., the relevant values may vary depending on the assumptions applied.

(Translation for reference only)

2. Market values, etc., of financial instruments

Amounts on the Consolidated Balance Sheets, market values, and their differences as of March 31, 2012 are shown as follows. Items whose market values are considered extremely difficult to determine are not included in the table below (see Note 2).

(Millions of yen)

| | Amounts on the Consolidated Balance Sheets | Market value | Difference |
|--|--|--------------|------------|
| (1) Cash and deposits | 50,382 | 50,382 | — |
| (2) Notes and accounts receivable—trade | 580,669 | 580,669 | — |
| (3) Short-term investment securities and investment securities | | | |
| i) Held-to-maturity bonds | 199 | 201 | 1 |
| ii) Other securities | 278,485 | 278,485 | — |
| Total assets | 909,737 | 909,739 | 1 |
| (1) Notes and accounts payable—trade | 337,643 | 337,643 | — |
| (2) Short-term loans payable | 173,385 | 173,385 | — |
| (3) Current portion of bonds | 69,999 | 70,336 | 336 |
| (4) Bonds payable | 285,000 | 286,317 | 1,317 |
| (5) Bonds with subscription rights to shares | 300,000 | 303,870 | 3,870 |
| (6) Long-term loans payable | 765,248 | 765,667 | 419 |
| Total liabilities | 1,931,277 | 1,937,219 | 5,942 |
| Derivative transactions (*1) | | | |
| 1) Hedge accounting not applied | (13) | (13) | — |
| 2) Hedge accounting applied | (965) | (965) | — |
| Total derivative transactions | (979) | (979) | — |

(*1) Net claims and obligations resulting from derivative transactions are indicated as net amounts.

Figures of total net obligations are indicated in parentheses.

(Note 1) Methods of calculating market values of financial instruments

Assets

(1) Cash and deposits and (2) Notes and accounts receivable—trade

They are based on the relevant book values, as they are quickly settled and their market values are close to their book values. In addition, some of the accounts receivable—trade are subject to appropriation treatment (please refer to 2) of “Derivative transactions” below).

(3) Short-term investment securities and investment securities

The market values of equities, etc., are based on the prices on stock exchanges and those of bonds receivable are based on the prices presented by correspondent financial institutions.

Liabilities

(1) Notes and accounts payable—trade and (2) Short-term loans payable

They are based on the relevant book values, as they are quickly settled and their market values are close to their book values. In addition, some of the accounts payable—trade are subject to appropriation treatment (please refer to 2) of “Derivative transactions” below).

(3) Current portion of bonds and (4) Bonds payable

The market value of bonds issued by the Company is stated as the market price. The market value of bonds payable subject to special treatment such as interest rate swaps (please refer to 2) of “Derivative transactions” below) is determined by discounting the total of principal and interest stated in association with the interest rate swap by an interest rate reasonably estimated from that applied to similar bonds payable.

(5) Bonds with subscription rights to shares

(Translation for reference only)

The market value of bonds with subscription rights issued by the Company is determined by the general model for value computation, in consideration of such factors as exercise periods, exercise prices, stock price volatility, remaining periods and interest rates adjusted with credit risk, due to unavailability of relevant market prices.

(6) Long-term loans payable

The market value of long-term loans payable is determined by discounting the total of principal and interest by the estimated interest rate on similar new loans payable. The market value of long-term loans payable subject to special treatment such as interest rate swaps (please refer to 2) of “Derivative transactions” below) is determined by discounting the total of principal and interest stated in association with the interest rate swap by an interest rate reasonably estimated from that applied to similar loans payable.

Derivative transactions

1) Hedge accounting not applied

The market value of derivative transactions to which hedge accounting is not applied is based on the prices presented by correspondent financial institutions with which the relevant contract is concluded.

2) Hedge accounting applied

The market value of derivative transactions to which basic hedge accounting is applied is based on the prices presented by correspondent financial institutions with which the relevant contract is concluded.

Instruments subject to special treatment such as interest rate swaps are stated in association with hedged bonds payable and long-term loans payable, and their market value is therefore included in the market value of the relevant bonds payable and long-term loans payable (please refer to (2), (3), (4) and (6) of “Liabilities” above.)

Instruments subject to appropriation treatment such as forward exchange contracts are stated in association with hedged items, and their market value is therefore included in the market value of the relevant accounts receivable-trade and accounts payable-trade (please refer to (2) of “Assets” and (1) of “Liabilities” above.)

(Note 2) Financial instruments whose market values are considered extremely difficult to determine

| Category | Amounts on the Consolidated Balance Sheets (Millions of yen) |
|-----------------------|---|
| Unlisted equities | 26,979 |
| Unlisted bonds | 21 |
| Investment securities | 17 |

The items above are not included in “ii) Other securities” of “(3) Short-term investment securities and investment securities,” as they have no market prices and their market values are considered extremely difficult to determine.

Notes to Per-share Information

| | |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| 1. Net assets per share | ¥2,627.63 |
| 2. Net loss per share | (¥68.71) |

(Translation for reference only)

Notes on significant subsequent events

The Company resolved at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on May 10, 2012 to implement a share exchange (the “Share Exchange”) with JFE Shoji Trade Corporation, which makes the Company the wholly owning parent company in the share exchange and JFE Shoji Trade Corporation, a wholly owned subsidiary company in the share exchange, the effective date of which will be October 1, 2012, and concluded a share exchange agreement.

Treasury shares held by the Company will be allotted to the shareholders of JFE Shoji Trade Corporation as a compensation for the Share Exchange. Details of the allotment of shares pertaining to the Share Exchange are as follows.

| Company Name | JFE Holdings Inc. (wholly owning parent company in share exchange) | JFE Shoji Trade Corporation (wholly owned subsidiary company in share exchange) |
|---|--|---|
| Share exchange ratio | 1 | 0.268 |
| Number of JFE Holdings shares to be delivered upon the Share Exchange | Common stock: 63,382,537 shares (scheduled) | |

(Note)

0.268 shares of the JFE Holdings, Inc. common stock will be allotted and delivered per share of the JFE Shoji Trade Corporation common stock.

(Translation for reference only)

Notes to the Non-consolidated Financial Statements

1. Significant accounting policies

- (1) Equities of affiliated companies are valued at cost by the moving-average method.
- (2) Depreciation of property, plant and equipment (excluding leased assets related to finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership) is computed by the declining balance method. Depreciation of leased assets related to finance lease transactions that do not transfer ownership is computed by the straight-line method with estimated useful lives equal to lease terms, and zero residual values (Specific amount of residual value will be applied instead where the relevant lease agreement stipulates the amount).
- (3) Bond issuance cost is amortized until the maturity of bonds payable (all the amount is posted as cost at the time of payment if the amount is small).
- (4) Allowance for corporate officers' retirement benefits is posted at the amount that would be required at the end of the fiscal year under review in accordance with internal rules.
- (5) Transactions subject to the consumption tax are recorded at amounts exclusive of the consumption tax.
- (6) Consolidated tax reporting is applied.

2. Notes to the Non-consolidated Balance Sheets, etc.

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| (1) Accumulated depreciation for property, plant and equipment | ¥21 million |
| (2) Short-term monetary receivables from affiliated companies | ¥425,280 million |
| Long-term monetary receivables from affiliated companies | ¥1,341,200 million |
| Short-term monetary payables to affiliated companies | ¥103,206 million |

3. Note to the Non-consolidated Statements of Income

- | | | |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|
| Transaction balance with affiliated companies | Operating revenue | ¥19,125 million |
| | Operating expenses | ¥943 million |

4. Note to the Non-consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets

- | | |
|---|------------|
| Type and total number of shares of treasury stock as of the end of the fiscal year under review | |
| Common stock | 74,908,576 |

5. Note to tax-effect accounting

The significant components of deferred tax assets are allowance for corporate officers' retirement benefits, accrued bonuses and deferred loss on transfer of stocks, etc. on tax practice. The valuation allowance is deducted.

6. Notes to per-share information

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------|
| Net assets per share | ¥1,914.57 |
| Net income per share | ¥0.63 |

(Translation for reference only)

7. Notes on significant subsequent events

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(English Translation of the Japanese original)

This translation has been prepared for reference only. The Japanese language version will control if any discrepancy arises.